

branch need to be upgraded to attract and retain employees in future years.

The Administrative Office intends to expand an existing cafeteria health benefit plan by adding a dental benefits program to it. The judiciary currently provides health benefit programs which involve the use of employee compensation contributions to medical savings accounts and long-term disability accounts. These health care costs can then be paid with pretax dollars. The dental program will require appropriated funds, and enactment of section 204 will allow the judiciary to seek funding for it from the Committee on Appropriations.

The authority provided in section 204 is not intended to provide open-ended discretion to the Director of the Administrative Office to establish benefit programs. The Committee on the Judiciary and Committee on Government Reform will exercise their oversight responsibility on this program. Also, the Committee on Appropriations will have a significant role to play as appropriations are requested to continue and expand judiciary employee benefits in the future.

I am assured that the Judicial Conference will work closely with the Congress as these programs progress in future years.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 4125 will greatly assist the Federal courts in their operation. This is noncontroversial legislation, and I urge my colleagues to support it.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. HOLDEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 4125, the Federal Courts Improvement Act of 2002. H.R. 4125 is a noncontroversial bill that will contribute to judicial efficiency and promote the sound management of the judicial branch.

H.R. 4125 and its predecessor have been fully considered by the Committee on the Judiciary. On July 17, 2001, the Subcommittee on Courts, the Internet, and Intellectual Property of the Committee on the Judiciary held a legislative hearing on H.R. 2522, the precursor to H.R. 4125. Based on testimony received at the hearing and subsequent reaction, the subcommittee chairman, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. COBLE), and the ranking member, the gentleman from California (Mr. BERMAN), introduced a clean bill, H.R. 4125, devoid of all controversial items.

On May 2, the subcommittee conducted a markup of H.R. 4125. On September 10, 2002, the full Committee on the Judiciary held a markup, adopted several amendments, and reported H.R. 4125 favorably.

□ 1700

The version of H.R. 4125 before the House today contains several amendments to the version reported by the Committee on the Judiciary. Most of these amendments are technical but

one is substantive. The amendments in section 101 ensure that the bankruptcy administrators have the same powers as bankruptcy trustees, no more and no less. With these amendments and those made during the committee consideration, I believe that H.R. 4125 has been rendered wholly noncontroversial.

H.R. 4125 contains a variety of noteworthy provisions, but I wish to highlight one in particular. Section 301 states that the Judicial Conference of the U.S. Courts should take certain steps to protect the privacy of judges and judicial employees. Namely, the Judicial Conference should ensure that the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts does not intercept electronic communications of judges and judicial employees without authorization from the Judicial Conference.

I fully support H.R. 4125 and encourage my colleagues to do the same.

Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. GILCHREST). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. SENSENBRENNER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4125, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

RECOGNIZING AND HONORING THE CAREER AND WORK OF JUSTICE C. CLIFTON YOUNG

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 417) recognizing and honoring the career and work of Justice C. Clifton Young.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 417

Whereas Justice C. Clifton Young, a native Nevadan, has served in public office since 1950;

Whereas Justice Young was elected to the House of Representatives in 1952 where he served for 2 terms and never missed a vote;

Whereas Justice Young served for 14 years in the Nevada State Senate where he focused principally on land use issues;

Whereas Justice Young has served on the Nevada Supreme Court since 1984;

Whereas Justice Young was inducted into the Nevada State Senate Hall of Fame in 1995;

Whereas in addition to his service in elected office, Justice Young has remained active in various community and service organizations, including serving as President of the National Wildlife Foundation;

Whereas Justice Young attended the University of Nevada in Reno, and Harvard Law School;

Whereas Justice Young proudly served as an officer in the 103rd Infantry Division in France, Germany, and Austria during World War II;

Whereas Justice Young has been a loving husband to Jane Hempfling Young for almost 50 years, and together they have raised 5 children; and

Whereas Justice Young stands as a role model to all people of the United States as a proud and successful public servant: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) honors the dedication and commitment of Justice C. Clifton Young to the people of Nevada and the United States;

(2) congratulates Justice Young on his long and successful career; and

(3) expresses its best wishes to Justice Young upon his retirement from the Nevada Supreme Court.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. SENSENBRENNER) and the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. HOLDEN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. SENSENBRENNER).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H. Res. 417.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, this resolution was introduced by our distinguished colleague, the gentleman from Nevada (Mr. GIBBONS).

The honoree, C. Clifton Young, was a Member of Congress representing Nevada and currently serves on the Nevada Supreme Court. He has had a remarkable career beginning in his childhood where he sold newspapers, was the local soda jerk, the valedictorian of his high school class, went to the University of Nevada at Reno, and was the only student with membership in both the University Singers and the college wrestling team. He joined the Army after college and served tours of duty in France, Germany and Austria and was honorably discharged as a major at the age of 23. He then went to Harvard Law School. I think that may have compromised his Western values a bit. But from there he went on to have over a half century of public service.

He served two terms as Nevada's then lone representative in Congress. He was elected to the Nevada State Senate, following his service in Congress, and served 14 years there. And in 1984 he was elected to the Nevada Supreme Court and will have served 18 years until his retirement at the end of the year.

He has been active in the Boy Scouts, the YMCA, and he also served as president of the National Wildlife Federation. I have a lengthy statement I will put in the RECORD, but I think that he is really an example of the American dream come true and an individual who returned many of his talents to his community, his State and his Nation, serving both in volunteer capacities and in the legislative and judicial branches of government.

H. Res. 417 introduced by Representative GIBBONS of Nevada, recognizes the career and efforts of former Member C. Clifton Young. Currently serving on the Nevada Supreme Court, Justice Young will be retiring from the Court at the end of this year when his term expires, thus completing a career which was comprised of decades of selfless public service.

Justice C. Clifton Young prepared for his illustrious career growing up in Lovelock, Nevada, selling newspapers and Grit magazine, shining shoes, painting houses, and satisfying the community thirst in the hot Nevada plains as the local soda jerk. Even with all of these commitments Young graduated Valedictorian of his High School class.

At the University of Nevada in Reno, Young remained active, becoming President of the Lamda Chi Fraternity, cadet commander of the campus ROTC, and was perhaps the only student with membership in both the University Singers and the college wrestling team.

Young went on to join the army after college, and spent the next three and a half years in the Infantry of the 103rd Division. After serving tours of duty in France, Germany, and Austria, he was honorably discharged as a Major at the age of 23.

After the war, Young went on to graduate from Harvard Law School. From there Young set in for the beginnings of what would become over a half century of public service. From a country public administrator, Young went on to become Nevada's then lone Representative in Congress, and over his two terms never missed a vote. In 1966 he was elected to the Nevada State Senate, where he served for 14 years.

He was then elected in 1984 to the Nevada Supreme Court, where he will have served for 18 years upon his retirement. While engaged in all of these life activities, Young also found time to be active in the Boy Scouts, YMCA, and serve as President of the National Wildlife Federation.

C. Clifton Young has given much to his community, and I support this resolution recognizing his public service. And let me just state that Justice Young deserves something back from the District of Columbia. You see, when he first came here with his wife back in 1952, full of the excitement of representing the people of Nevada, he was greeted by the District not with parades or fanfare, but instead by having his car stolen. We cannot replace his car, but we can support this resolution, which I urge all Members to do.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. HOLDEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H. Res. 417, which honors the life and work of Nevada Justice C. Clifton Young, and I urge my colleagues to vote for this resolution.

This bill was marked up by the Committee on the Judiciary in June of this

year. No objections have been registered about this bill either before, during or after the Committee on the Judiciary considered the resolutions. In fact, H. Res. 417 has garnered universal support. While I do not know Justice Young personally, I was told in the committee's consideration of this bill, and it became apparent he is quite a remarkable man.

Justice Young has led a life of public service. He served his country as an officer in the 103rd Infantry Division in France, Germany and Austria in World War II. He has served on the Nevada Supreme Court since 1984. He also served as president of the National Wildlife Foundation.

Sadly, Justice Young is retiring from the Nevada Supreme Court. It is only right at this time Congress pause to honor Justice Young and reflect on his public service. Once again, I urge all my colleagues to support H. Res. 417.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Nevada (Mr. GIBBONS).

Mr. GIBBONS. Mr. Speaker, I thank my friend, the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary, for yielding me time.

Mr. Speaker, it is my great honor today to be on the floor to speak in favor of H. Res. 417, a resolution I introduced to recognize the distinguished career and extraordinary life of Justice C. Clifton Young. Justice Cliff Young will be retiring this year after serving 18 years on the Nevada Supreme Court. However, this achievement is only one in a long list of accomplishments which span Justice Young's lifetime.

As a young boy in the rural, agricultural community of Lovelock, Nevada, Cliff Young was the son of pioneers and soon learned at an early age the value of hard work. As a youth he had a series of odd jobs from shining shoes to painting houses to installing sidewalks.

His work ethic earned him the honor of being named valedictorian of his high school class and then earning the highest scholastic achievement at graduation from the University of Nevada at Reno. He would eventually continue his studies at Harvard Law School thanks to the G.I. Bill, but before he embarked on a career in law and public service, Justice Young served his Nation as an officer in the 103rd Infantry Division during World War II. He was honorably discharged as a major at the sage age of 23.

After his military service and finishing law school, Cliff Young was elected to his first public office, the Washoe County public administrator. Two years later he would be elected the Representative of Nevada in this Chamber, the House of Representatives, where he served two terms, never missing a single vote. His time in Washington proved to be quite eventful and not solely due to legislation which

came before Congress. Upon his arrival to the Nation's Capital with his wife, their car was stolen. Then while serving in Congress, shots were fired into the Chamber wounding the Member sitting next to him.

Yes, Justice Young's service in Congress was certainly eventful. After serving two terms, Cliff Young would return home to the State of Nevada. He would then serve 14 years in the Nevada State senate and be elected to the Nevada Supreme Court in 1984. At the end of this term, Justice Young will have completed 50 years of public service to his State and to the Nation. All the while he remained active in his local community as a member of various organizations including serving as President of the YMCA, State chairman of the Nevada Cancer Association Campaign, and chairman of the Washoe County Parks and Recreation Board.

Justice Young not only devoted his life to public service but also to our legal system as a leader for meaningful judicial reform. His years of commitment to fairness and equality set him apart and earned him the respect of his colleagues and fellow Nevadans.

Justice Young stands as a role model to all Americans. This resolution celebrates Justice Young's life, his work and, yes, his dedication. May this recognition inspire others to follow in his footsteps and embark on similar courses of distinguished service.

Mr. HOLDEN. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SENSENBRENNER. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. SENSENBRENNER) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 417.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ROBERT WAYNE JENKINS STATION

Mr. SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4851) to redesignate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 6910 South Yorktown Avenue in Tulsa, Oklahoma, as the "Robert Wayne Jenkins Station."

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 4851

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ROBERT WAYNE JENKINS STATION.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 6910 South Yorktown Avenue in Tulsa, Oklahoma, and known as the Southside Station, shall be known and designated as the "Robert Wayne Jenkins Station".